Multiplication without carrying

Worked Example
$271+28$

| We write as |  | $\mathbf{H}$ | $\mathbf{T}$ | $\mathbf{U}$ |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{3}$ | $\mathbf{4}$ |  |
|  | $\mathbf{X}$ |  |  | $\mathbf{2}$ |  |
|  |  | $\mathbf{4}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ |  |

Steps

1. Start at the top of the units column and say ' 4 multiplied by $\mathbf{2}$ is $\mathbf{8}^{\prime}$.
2. Write 8 in the units column answer box.
3. Move to the top of the tens column and say ' 3 multiplied by $\mathbf{2}$ is $\mathbf{6}^{\prime}$.
4. Write 6 in the tens column answer box.
5. Move to the top of the hundreds column and say ' 2 multiplied by 2 is $4^{\prime}$.
6. Write 4 in the hundreds column answer box. The answer is 468.

## Multiplication with carrying

## Worked Example

$278+166$

| We write as |  | $\mathbf{H}$ | $\mathbf{T}$ | $\mathbf{U}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\mathbf{2}$ | $\mathbf{7}$ | $\mathbf{8}$ |  |
|  | $\mathbf{X}$ |  |  | $\mathbf{2}$ |  |
|  |  | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ |  |
|  |  | $\mathbf{1}$ | $\mathbf{1}$ |  |  |

## Steps

1. Start at the top of the units column and say ' 8 multiplied by 2 is 16'.
2. Put the 6 units in the unit answer box and carry the 1 ten to the tens column and put it under the answer box in the tens column.
3. Next go to the tens column and say ' 7 multiplied by 2 is 14 '. Then add the 1 ten carried from the units column. This makes 15'.
4. Put the 5 tens in the tens answer box and carry the 1 hundred to the hundreds column and put it under the answer box in the hundreds column.
5. Finally, go to the hundreds column and say ' $\mathbf{2}$ multiplied by $\mathbf{2}$ is $\mathbf{4}^{\prime}$. Then add the 1 hundred carried from the tens column. This makes 5.
6. Put the 5 hundreds in the answer box in the hundreds column. The answer is 556.
